

# Completeness of Iris-Based Program Logics

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# What is Completeness?

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## Syntactic

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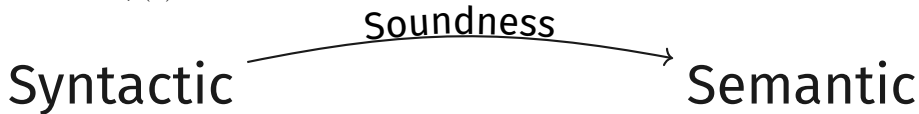
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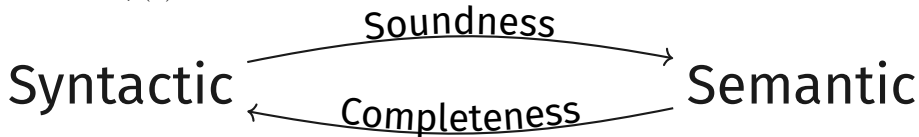
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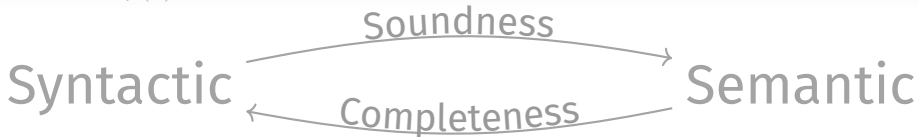
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**Completeness:** All Correct Programs Can Be Verified



# A Note On Gödel



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Proof system is not entirely syntactic!

# Motivation: Resource Rules And Perfect Abstractions

In our simple example language:

$\{\ell \mapsto v\} !\ell \{w. \ulcorner w = v \urcorner * \ell \mapsto v\}$  is complete for:

$$\frac{\sigma(\ell) = v}{\langle !\ell, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle v, \sigma \rangle}$$

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Program Logic is **Perfect Abstraction** over the Semantics!

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Goal will be:  $\{\lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e) \rceil\} e \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$

# Outline



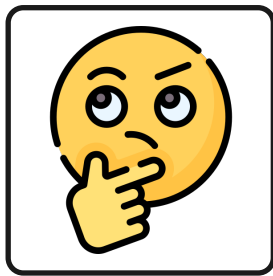
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Workshop  
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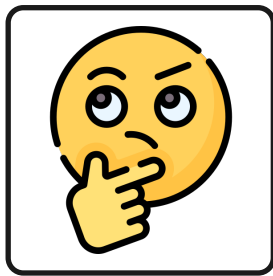
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using ~22 assertion logic rules  
(not shown here)

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## language-specific rules

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## structural rules

VALUE, WEAKEN, FRAME

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# Brace Yourselves – We Do the Proof!



# The Proof, Part 1

$$\{\ulcorner \mathit{safe}_\varphi(e) \urcorner\}$$

$e$

$$\{v. \ulcorner \varphi(v) \urcorner\}$$

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$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma) \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

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- Generalize over **state**  $\sigma$

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- Analyze  $\text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma)$ :

$\text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma) \cong e$  is value satisfying  $\varphi$

$\vee \langle e, \sigma \rangle$  reducible

$\wedge \forall e', \sigma'. \langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle e', \sigma' \rangle \Rightarrow \text{safe}_\varphi(e', \sigma')$

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- Generalize over state  $\sigma$
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 $e$  is **value** or reducible
- If  $e$  is some **value**  $w$ :

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- Generalize over state  $\sigma$
- Analyze  $\text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma)$ :  
 $e$  is **value** or reducible
- If  $e$  is some value  $w$ :  
From  $\text{safe}_\varphi(w, \sigma)$ :  **$\varphi(w)$  holds**

$$\text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma) \cong \text{\textcolor{red}{ $e$  is value satisfying  $\varphi$ }}$$

$$\vee \langle e, \sigma \rangle \text{ reducible}$$

$$\wedge \forall e', \sigma'. \langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle e', \sigma' \rangle \Rightarrow \text{safe}_\varphi(e', \sigma')$$

# The Proof, Part 1

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(w, \sigma) \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$w$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

- Generalize over state  $\sigma$
- Analyze  $\text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma)$ :  
 $e$  is **value** or reducible
- If  $e$  is some value  $w$ :  
From  $\text{safe}_\varphi(w, \sigma)$ :  $\varphi(w)$  holds

# The Proof, Part 1

$\lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(w, \sigma) \rceil *$

$*_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v$

$\vdash$

$\lceil \varphi(w) \rceil$

- Generalize over state  $\sigma$
- Analyze  $\text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma)$ :  
 $e$  is **value** or reducible
- If  $e$  is some value  $w$ :  
From  $\text{safe}_\varphi(w, \sigma)$ :  $\varphi(w)$  holds  
Apply VALUE, WEAKEN rules

# The Proof, Part 1

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(w, \sigma) \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \\ \vdash \\ \lceil \varphi(w) \rceil \end{array}}{\psi \text{ holds in meta-logic}} \\ P \vdash \lceil \psi \rceil$$

- Generalize over state  $\sigma$
- Analyze  $\text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma)$ :  
 $e$  is **value** or reducible
- If  $e$  is some value  $w$ :  
From  $\text{safe}_\varphi(w, \sigma)$ :  $\varphi(w)$  **holds**  
Apply VALUE, WEAKEN rules  
Conclude, as  $\varphi(w)$  **holds!**

# The Proof, Part 1

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma) \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$e$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

- Generalize over state  $\sigma$
- Analyze  $\text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma)$ :  
 $e$  is value or **reducible**
- If  $e$  is some value  $w$ :  
From  $\text{safe}_\varphi(w, \sigma)$ :  $\varphi(w)$  holds  
Apply VALUE, WEAKEN rules  
Conclude, as  $\varphi(w)$  holds!
- If  $\langle e, \sigma \rangle$  is **reducible**...

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma) \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$e$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle e, \sigma \rangle$  is **reducible**

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma) \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$e$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle e, \sigma \rangle$  is **reducible**

$$\frac{}{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}$$

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[e], \sigma) \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$K[e]$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e], \sigma) \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

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$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

$\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma) \cong e$  is value satisfying  $\varphi$   
 $\vee \langle e, \sigma \rangle$  reducible

$$\wedge \forall e', \sigma'. \langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle e', \sigma' \rangle \Rightarrow \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(e', \sigma')$$

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e], \sigma) \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$$K[e]$$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

$\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(e, \sigma) \cong e$  is value satisfying  $\varphi$   
 $\vee \langle e, \sigma \rangle$  reducible

$$\wedge \forall e', \sigma'. \langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle e', \sigma' \rangle \Rightarrow \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(e', \sigma')$$

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$$K[e]$$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

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$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

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$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$
$$K[e]$$
$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$$K[e]$$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[v], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$
$$K[!\ell]$$
$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = !\ell$ :  $\sigma(\ell) = v$ ,  $e' = v$ ,  $\sigma' = \sigma$

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[v], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$K[!l]$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = !l$ :  $\sigma(\ell) = v$ ,  $e' = v$ ,  $\sigma' = \sigma$

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[v], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$! \ell$

$$\{w. \{\text{True}\} K[w] \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = !\ell$ :  $\sigma(\ell) = v$ ,  $e' = v$ ,  $\sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[v], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \textcolor{red}{\ell} \mapsto \textcolor{red}{v} \end{array} \right\}$$

$\textcolor{red}{!}\ell$

$$\{w. \{\text{True}\} K[w] \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = !\ell: \sigma(\ell) = \textcolor{red}{v}$ ,  $e' = v$ ,  $\sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[v], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \\ K[v] \\ \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\} \end{array} \right\}$$

- Case  $e = !\ell: \sigma(\ell) = v, e' = v, \sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

Apply LOAD rule

- If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[v], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$
$$K[v]$$
$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = !\ell: \sigma(\ell) = v, e' = v, \sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

Apply LOAD rule

Observe: we are back where we started!

## The Proof, Part 2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[v], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$
$$K[v]$$
$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = !\ell: \sigma(\ell) = v, e' = v, \sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

Apply LOAD rule

Observe: we are back where we started!

Conclude by induction on steps.

(assuming termination, for now)

## The Proof, Part 3

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$
$$K[e]$$
$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

## The Proof, Part 3

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[e_1[v/x]], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} K[\text{let } x := v \text{ in } e_1] \\ \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\} \end{array}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = \text{let } x := v \text{ in } e_1$ :  $e' = e_1[v/x], \sigma' = \sigma$

# The Proof, Part 3

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[e_1[v/x]], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

let  $x := v$  in  $e_1$

$$\{w. \{\text{True}\} K[w] \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = \text{let } x := v \text{ in } e_1$ :  $e' = e_1[v/x], \sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

# The Proof, Part 3

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e_1[v/x]], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$e_1[v/x]$

$\{w. \{\mathbf{True}\} K[w] \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}\}$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = \text{let } x := v \text{ in } e_1$ :  $e' = e_1[v/x], \sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

Apply LET rule

# The Proof, Part 3

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(K[e_1[v/x]], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \\ e_1[v/x] \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\{w. \{\text{True}\} \textcolor{red}{K}[w] \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\text{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = \text{let } x := v \text{ in } e_1$ :  $e' = e_1[v/x], \sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

Apply LET rule

$$\frac{\{P\} e \{v. \{\text{True}\} K[v] \{Q\}\}}{\{P\} K[e] \{Q\}} \text{ BIND}$$

# The Proof, Part 3

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e_1[v/x]], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$

$$K[e_1[v/x]]$$

$$\{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = \text{let } x := v \text{ in } e_1$ :  $e' = e_1[v/x], \sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

Apply LET rule

Apply BIND rule in reverse

$$\frac{\{P\} e \{v. \{\text{True}\} K[v] \{Q\}\}}{\{P\} K[e] \{Q\}} \text{ BIND}$$

## The Proof, Part 3

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e_1[v/x]], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma'} \ell \mapsto v \\ K[e_1[v/x]] \\ \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\} \end{array} \right\}$$

• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = \text{let } x := v \text{ in } e_1$ :  $e' = e_1[v/x]$ ,  $\sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule

Apply LET rule

Apply BIND rule in reverse

# The Proof, Part 3

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e_1[v/x]], \sigma') \rceil * \\ *_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma'} \ell \mapsto v \end{array} \right\}$$
$$K[e_1[v/x]]$$
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• If  $\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle$  is reducible

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_b \langle e', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle K[e], \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle K[e'], \sigma' \rangle}$$

We know  $\mathbf{safe}_\varphi(K[e'], \sigma')$

Case distinction on  $\rightarrow_b$ :

• Case  $e = \text{let } x := v \text{ in } e_1$ :  $e' = e_1[v/x], \sigma' = \sigma$

Apply BIND rule      We are back where we started!

Apply LET rule

Apply BIND rule in reverse

**We did it!**



# We did it!



# Outline



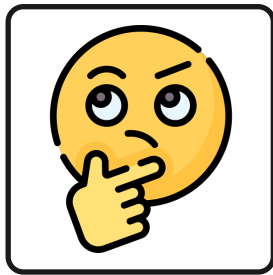
Review  
the Laws



Do  
the Proof



Workshop  
the Proof



Reflect on  
the Proof

# The Proof, Summary

$$\{ \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e) \rceil * \bigstar_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \} \in \{ v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil \}$$

# The Proof, Summary

$$\{\lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e) \rceil * \bigstar_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \} e \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

Analyze first step

# The Proof, Summary

$$\{\lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e) \rceil * \bigstar_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \} e \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$

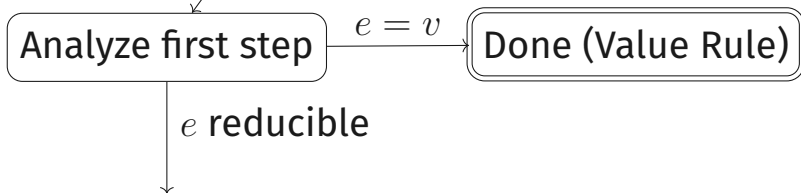
Analyze first step

$e = v$

Done (Value Rule)

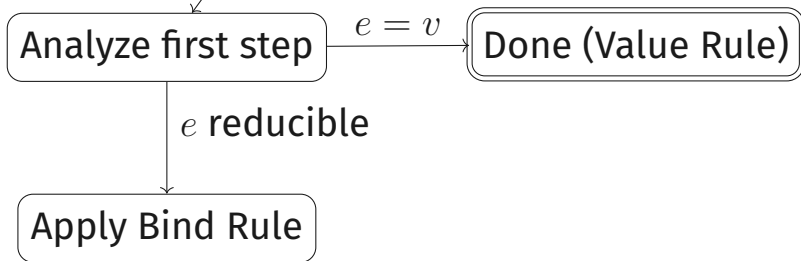
# The Proof, Summary

$$\{\lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e) \rceil * \bigstar_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \} e \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$



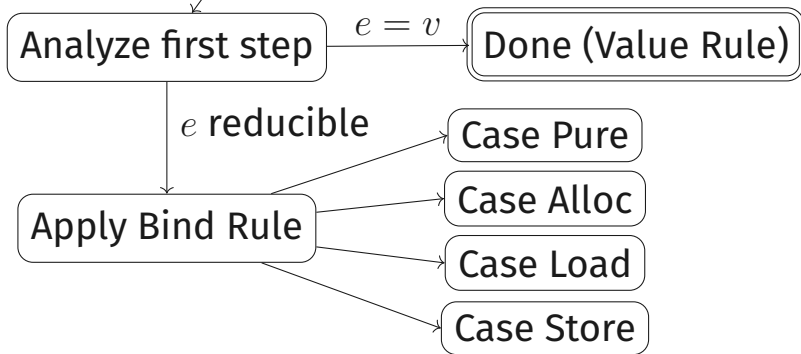
# The Proof, Summary

$$\{\lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e) \rceil * \bigstar_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \} e \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$



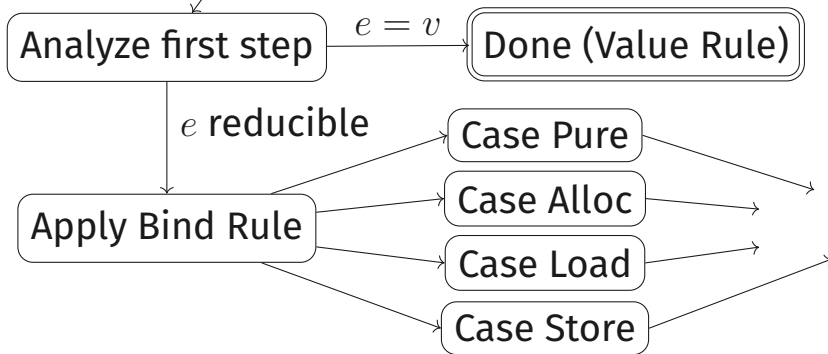
# The Proof, Summary

$$\{\lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e) \rceil * \bigstar_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \} e \{v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil\}$$



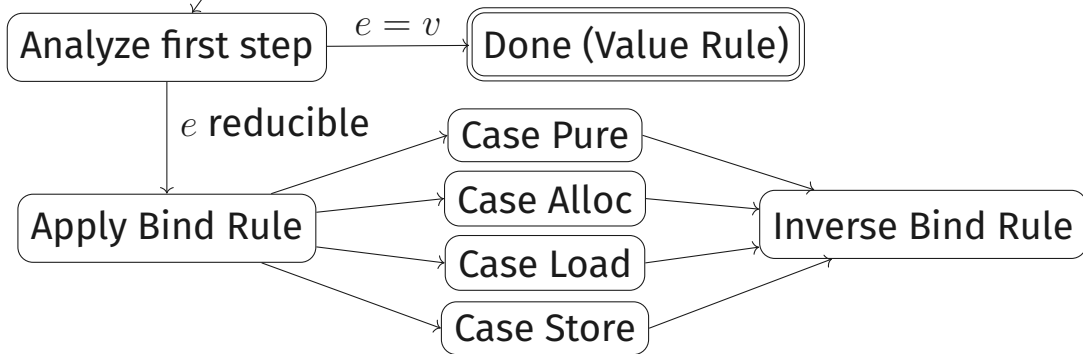
# The Proof, Summary

$$\{ \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e) \rceil * \bigstar_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \} e \{ v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil \}$$

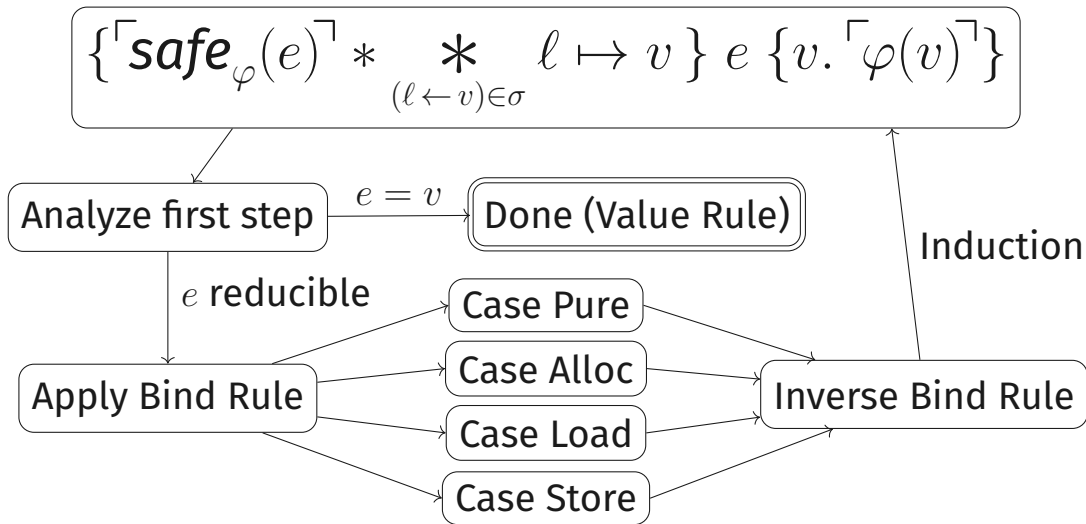


# The Proof, Summary

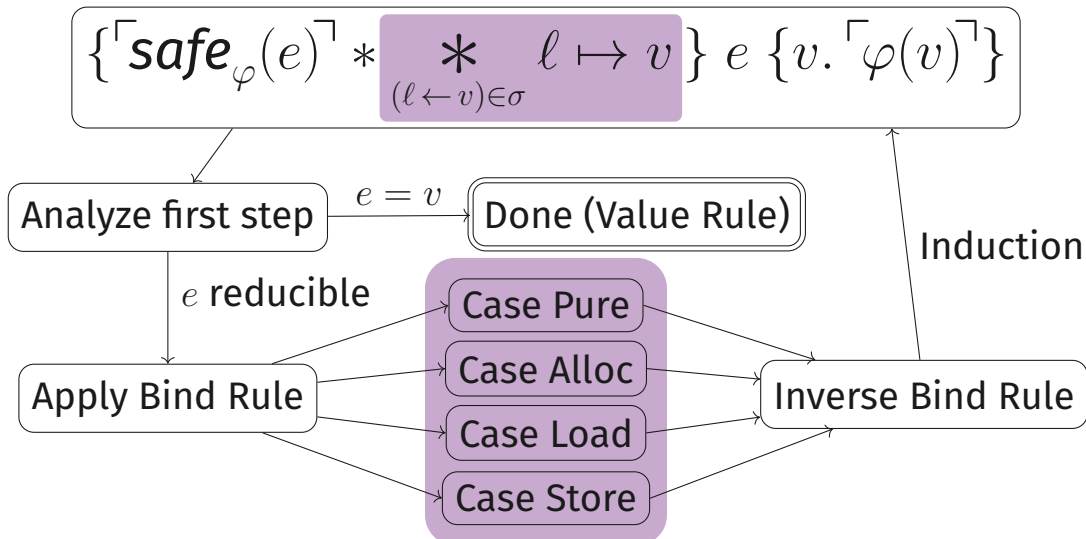
$$\{ \lceil \text{safe}_\varphi(e) \rceil * \bigstar_{(\ell \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} \ell \mapsto v \} e \{ v. \lceil \varphi(v) \rceil \}$$



# The Proof, Summary



# The Proof, Summary and Generalizations



# Strengthenings

So far: Completeness for sequential, terminating programs.

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Non-termination:

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Concurrency:

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So far: Completeness for sequential, terminating programs.

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Concurrency: We must share resources among threads.

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Solution: Invariants

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So far: Completeness for sequential, terminating programs.

Non-termination: safe is co-inductive.

Solution: Hoare triples are ~~also co-inductive~~ *step-indexed*.

Concurrency: We must share resources among threads.

Solution: Invariants

$$\boxed{\exists \vec{e}, \sigma. \lceil \text{safe-tp}_\varphi(\vec{e}, \sigma) \rceil * \bullet^\gamma \vec{e} * \bigstar_{(l \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} l \mapsto v}$$

# Strengthenings

So far: Completeness for sequential, terminating programs.

Non-termination: safe is co-inductive.

Solution: Hoare triples are ~~also co-inductive~~ *step-indexed*.

Concurrency: We must share resources among threads.

Solution: Invariants and more technical difficulties...

$$\boxed{\exists \vec{e}, \sigma. \lceil \text{safe-tp}_\varphi(\vec{e}, \sigma) \rceil * \bullet^\gamma \vec{e} * \bigstar_{(l \leftarrow v) \in \sigma} l \mapsto v}$$

# Outline



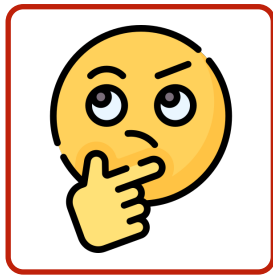
Review  
the Laws



Do  
the Proof



Workshop  
the Proof



Reflect on  
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**Small incompletenesses found and fixed!**

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- Later credits,  $> 1$  later per step, Transfinite Iris

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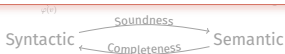
# The End

## Thanks for your attention!

### What is Completeness?

$\{ \text{True} \}$  What we actually want is:  
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{let } x := \text{alloc } 40 \text{ in} \\ x \leftarrow !x + 2;; \end{array} \right\} e$   $\text{safe}_{\varphi}(e)$   
 $\bullet e$  never gets stuck

**Completeness: All Correct Programs Can Be Verified**



### Motivation: Resource Rules And Perfect Abstractions

In our simple example language:

$\{ \ell \mapsto v \} ! \ell \{ w. \ulcorner w = v \urcorner * \ell \mapsto v \}$  is complete for:

$\sigma(\ell) = v$

Simple semantics, close to Hoare rule

**Program Logic is Perfect Abstraction over the Semantics!**

In  $\lambda_{\text{Rust}}$ , which tries to model Rust:

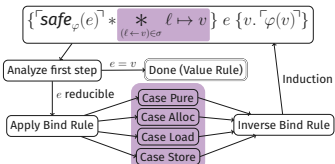
$\{ \ell \mapsto_q v \} ! \ell \{ w. \ulcorner w = v \urcorner * \ell \mapsto_q v \}$  is complete for:



Data Race Detection:

Administrative Redexes, Reader-Writer Locks, ...

### The Proof, Summary and Generalizations



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More info:

